## Stat 5102 (Geyer) Spring 2015 <br> Homework Assignment 9 <br> Due Wednesday, April 15, 2015

Solve each problem. Explain your reasoning. No credit for answers with no explanation. If the problem is a proof, then you need words as well as formulas. Explain why your formulas follow one from another.

9-1. Suppose $X$ is $\operatorname{Bin}(n, p)$ and the prior distribution for $p$ is flat (a proper prior, since $p$ is bounded).
(a) Find the posterior distribution for $p$.
(b) Find the mean of the posterior distribution for $p$.
(c) Find the standard deviation of the posterior distribution for $p$.
(d) Find the mode of the posterior distribution for $p$.
(e) In the case $x=0, n=10$, find the posterior median for $p$.

9-2. Suppose $X_{1}, \ldots, X_{n}$ are IID $\operatorname{Exp}(\lambda)$ and the prior distribution for $\lambda$ is flat (an improper prior). The posterior distribution for $\lambda$ was found in problem 8-10 (a).
(a) Find the mean of the posterior distribution for $\lambda$.
(b) Find the standard deviation of the posterior distribution for $\lambda$.
(c) Find the mode of the posterior distribution for $\lambda$.
(d) In the case $\bar{x}_{n}=23.7, n=10$, find the posterior median for $\lambda$.

9-3. Find the Jeffreys prior for the $\operatorname{NegBin}(r, p)$ distribution, considering $r$ fixed and known and $p$ the unknown parameter. It is proper or improper?

9-4. Find the Jeffreys prior for the $\operatorname{Gam}(\alpha, \lambda)$ distribution, where $\alpha$ is known and $\lambda$ unknown, so we want a prior distribution for $\lambda$. It is proper or improper?

9-5. Find the posterior mean and variance of $\mu$ when the data are IID normal and the prior is a general normal-gamma prior. Say for which values of the hyperparameters of the prior the posterior mean and variance of $\mu$ exist.

9-6. Suppose $X_{1}, \ldots, X_{n}$ are IID $\mathcal{N}(\mu, 4)$, the prior distribution for $\mu$ is $\mathcal{N}(10,9)$, and the sample mean of a sample of size 10 is $\bar{X}_{n}=12$. Calculate a $90 \%$ HPD region for $\mu$ (note not $95 \%$ ).

9-7. Suppose $X_{1}, \ldots, X_{n}$ are IID $\mathcal{N}\left(\mu, \lambda^{-1}\right)$, the prior distribution for $(\mu, \lambda)$ is the conjugate normal-gamma prior with

$$
\begin{aligned}
\lambda & \sim \operatorname{Gam}(3,3) \\
\mu \mid \lambda & \sim \mathcal{N}\left(10,16 \lambda^{-1}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

the sample mean of a sample of size 15 is $\bar{X}_{n}=12$ and the sample variance is $S_{n}^{2}=50\left(\right.$ note not $\left.V_{n}\right)$.
(a) Calculate a $95 \%$ HPD region for $\mu$.
(b) Calculate the exact frequentist $95 \%$ confidence interval for $\mu$.

9-8. Suppose $X_{1}, \ldots, X_{n}$ are IID $\operatorname{Exp}(\lambda)$ and the prior distribution for $\lambda$ is $\operatorname{Gam}(3,3)$.
(a) Calculate the posterior probabilities of the events

$$
\begin{aligned}
& H_{0}: \lambda \geq 1 \\
& H_{1}: \lambda<1
\end{aligned}
$$

when $n=4$ and $\bar{x}_{n}=1.9$.
(b) Calculate the prior probabilities of the same events.
(c) Calculate the Bayes factor

$$
\frac{\operatorname{Pr}\left(H_{0} \mid \mathbf{x}\right)}{\operatorname{Pr}\left(H_{1} \mid \mathbf{x}\right)} \cdot \frac{\operatorname{Pr}\left(H_{1}\right)}{\operatorname{Pr}\left(H_{0}\right)}
$$

(d) Calculate an exact frequentist $P$-value for these hypotheses based on the exact sampling distribution of $X_{1}+\cdots+X_{n}$.

9-9. Suppose $X_{1}, \ldots, X_{n}$ are IID $\operatorname{Exp}(\lambda)$. In this problem we are interested in the hypotheses (models)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& m_{1}=H_{0}: \lambda=1 \\
& m_{2}=H_{1}: \lambda \neq 1
\end{aligned}
$$

Suppose the prior distribution for $\lambda$ given model $m_{2}$ is $\operatorname{Gam}(3,3)$. The prior distribution for $\lambda$ given model $m_{1}$ is concentrated at the point $\lambda=1$. Suppose $n=4$ and $\bar{x}_{n}=1.9$. Calculate the Bayes factor (model 1 over model 2). Hint: For both models, proceed as if the data were $X_{1}+\cdots+X_{n}$.

