## Stat 5101 (Geyer) Fall 2020

## Homework Assignment 3

Due Wednesday, September 30, 2020

Solve each problem. Explain your reasoning. No credit for answers with no explanation. If the problem is a proof, then you need words as well as formulas. Explain why your formulas follow one from another.

**3-1.** Suppose that f is a PMF on a sample space S, suppose X and Y are random variables in this probability model. Prove the following statements.

(a) 
$$E(X + Y) = E(X) + E(Y)$$
.

- (b) If  $X(s) \ge 0$  for all  $s \in S$ , then  $E(X) \ge 0$ .
- (c) If Y(s) = a for all  $s \in S$ , then E(XY) = aE(X).
- (d) If Y(s) = 1 for all  $s \in S$ , then E(Y) = 1.

Do not use the axioms (these are the axioms). The problem is to prove that these statements follow from our earlier definition of PMF and expectation.

- **3-2.** Suppose X has the uniform distribution on the set  $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ , and suppose  $Y = X^2$ .
- (a) Calculate E(X).
- (b) Calculate E(Y).
- (c) Calculate E(Y/X).
- (d) Calculate E(Y)/E(X).
- (e) Compare your answers in (c) and (d). Are they the same? Should they be the same?
- **3-3.** Suppose E(X) = 3 and E(Y) = 4. Calculate E(5X + Y).
- **3-4.** Suppose X is a random variable having PMF given by

- (a) Calculate E(X).
- (b) Calculate var(X).

**3-5.** Suppose X is a Ber(p) random variable and Y = 2X - 1.

- (a) Calculate E(Y).
- (b) Calculate var(Y).
- (c) Calculate  $E(Y^2)$ .
- (d) Calculate  $var(Y^2)$ .

**3-6.** Suppose X has the discrete uniform distribution on the set

$$\{x \in \mathbb{Z} : l \le x \le u\}$$

where l and u are integers with l < u.

- (a) Calculate E(X).
- (b) Calculate var(X).

**3-7.** Suppose X and Y are random variables in the same probability model, and suppose a, b, c, and d are constants.

(a) Prove that

$$cov(X,Y) = E(XY) - E(X)E(Y)$$

(b) Prove that

$$cov(a + bX, c + dY) = bd cov(X, Y)$$

**3-8.** Suppose

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) Calculate AB.
- (b) Calculate **BA**.
- (c) Compare your answers in (a) and (b). Are they the same? Should they be the same?
- **3-9.** Suppose X is a random variable with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ . Calculate the mean vector and variance matrix of the random vector  $\mathbf{Y} = (X, 2 + 3X)$ .

**3-10.** Suppose X is a random variable with mean vector

$$oldsymbol{\mu} = egin{pmatrix} \mu_1 \ \mu_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

and variance matrix

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} v_1 & c \\ c & v_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Calculate the mean vector and variance matrix of the random vector  $\mathbf{Y} = \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{B}\mathbf{X}$  where

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

## Review Problems from Previous Tests

**3-11.** Suppose X is a random variable having probability mass function (PMF) given by

- (a) Calculate E(X).
- (b) Calculate var(X).

**3-12.** Suppose X is a random variable having PMF given by

- (a) Find the PMF of the random variable  $Y = X^2$ .
- (b) Calculate Pr(Y > 0).

**3-13.** Suppose the random vector (X, Y) has PMF given by

$$f(x,y) = \frac{x^2y}{90},$$
  $x = -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, y = 2, 3, 4.$ 

Are X and Y independent random variables? Explain why or why not, as the case may be.

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